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2-Aminocyclohexan-1-aminium thiocyanate

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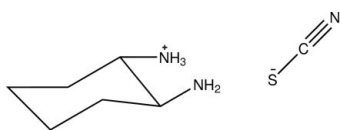
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.112; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

The title compound, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_2^+\cdot\text{NCS}^-$, was obtained unexpectedly from the reaction mixture of benzoyl chloride, ammonium thiocyanate and cyclohexane-1,2-diamine. The cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. In the crystal, $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ interactions involving the thiocyanate anion and both the amine and the aminium N atoms link the molecules, forming two-dimensional networks parallel to (001).

Related literature

For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002). For related thiocyanate structures, see: Selvakumaran *et al.* (2011); Khawar Rauf *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_2^+\cdot\text{NCS}^-$ $M_r = 173.28$ Orthorhombic, *Pbca* $a = 8.590$ (3) Å $b = 12.885$ (5) Å $c = 17.237$ (7) Å $V = 1907.8$ (13) Å³ $Z = 8$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.29$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ K
 $0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)
 $T_{\min} = 0.870$, $T_{\max} = 0.932$ 10172 measured reflections
1685 independent reflections
1449 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.112$
 $S = 1.14$
1685 reflections100 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{i}}$	0.87	2.53	3.3914 (19)	172
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.82	2.10	2.895 (3)	166
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{N2}^{\text{iii}}$	1.01	1.83	2.841 (2)	175
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.99	2.31	3.231 (3)	155
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{S1}$	0.97	2.81	3.681 (2)	149

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker,2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*, *PARST* (Nardelli, 1995) and *PLATON*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LR2062).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1732 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812020879]

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Comment

The thiocyanate salts such as ammonium, potassium and sodium thiocyanate are useful reagents for organic synthesis specially for the formation of thiourea moiety. There are also some organic salts of thiocyanate such as dicyclohexylammonium thiocyanate which formed polymorph with orthorhombic (Khawar Rauf *et al.*, 2008) and monoclinic (Selvakumaran *et al.*, 2011) system respectively. Both salts were obtained rather unexpectedly from the mixture of benzoyl chloride, KSCN and dicyclohexylamine in the first and similarly, in the latter when isophthaloyl dichloride was used instead of benzoyl chloride. The title compound is analogous to the said compounds except the cation is a cyclohexane ring having a protonated and unprotonated amines at 1 and 2 positions respectively (Fig.1). The thiocyanate is linear with N3—C7—S1 bond angle of 178.22 (19)°. The cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. The bond lengths and angles are in normal ranges (Allen, 2002). In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked by N1—H1A···S1, N1—H1B···N3, N1—H1C···N2, N2—H2A···N3 and N2—H2B···S1 intermolecular hydrogen bonds (symmetry codes as shown in Table 1) to form two-dimensional network (Fig. 2) parallel to (001).

Experimental

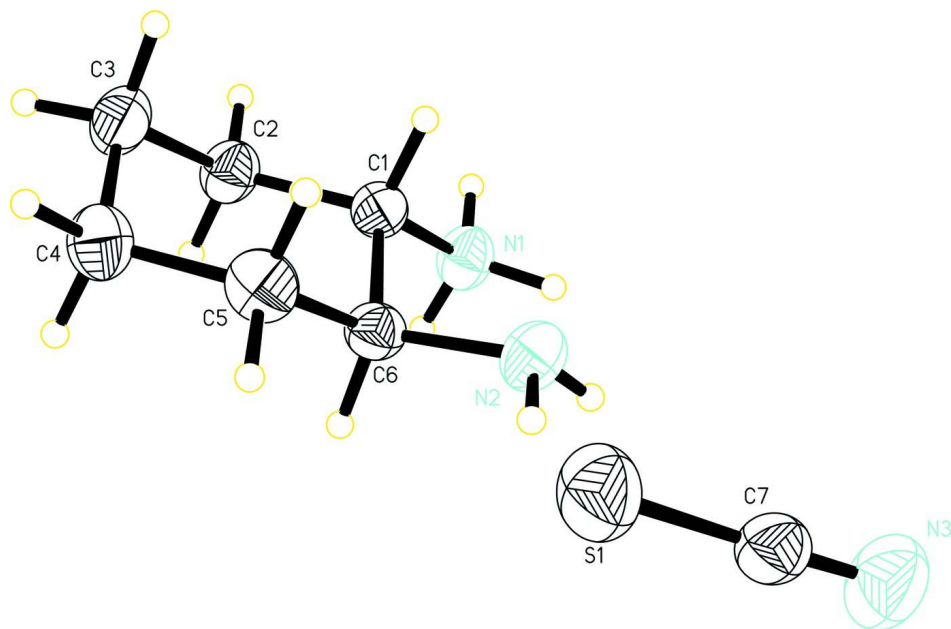
All solvents and chemicals were of analytical grade and were used without purification. The mixture of benzoyl chloride (1.41 g, 0.01 mol), ammonium thiocyanate (0.76 g, 0.01 mol) and 1,2-diaminocyclohexane (1.14 g, 0.01 mol) in acetone was refluxed for 1 h. After cooling the solution was filtered and left to evaporate at room temperature. Some good crystals were obtained after 5 days of evaporation. (Yield 82%, m.p 395.9- 397.1 K). IR, NH: 3435.2, 3184.3 cm⁻¹, C—N—S: 2058 cm⁻¹, C—N: 1459 cm⁻¹; CHNS, expt C: 48.22%, N: 24.50%, H: 8.73%, S: 17.50%), Calc C: 48.57, N: 24.20, H: 8.67, S: 18.49).

Refinement

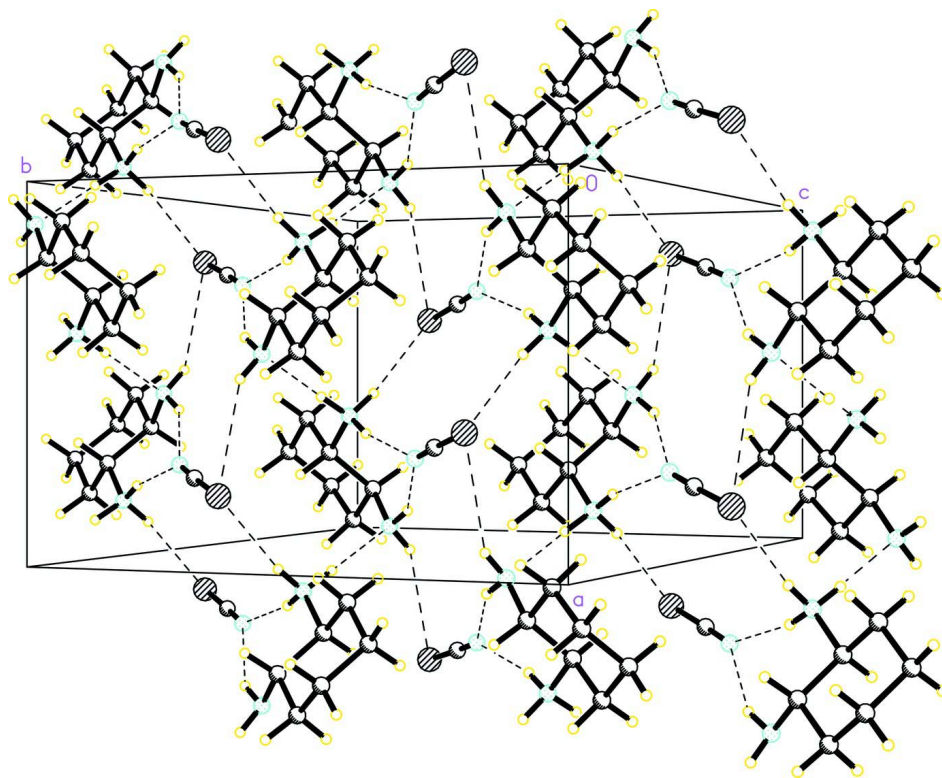
All H atoms attached to C atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H= 0.97 Å (for CH₂) and 0.98 Å (for CH) with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The hydrogen atoms attached to nitrogen atoms were located from difference maps and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

Computing details

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker,2000); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2000); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008), *PARST* (Nardelli, 1995) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing of (I) viewed down *c* axis. The dashed lines indicate intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

2-Aminocyclohexan-1-aminium thiocyanate

Crystal data

$C_6H_{15}N_2^+ \cdot NCS^-$

$M_r = 173.28$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

$a = 8.590(3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 12.885(5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 17.237(7) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 1907.8(13) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 752$

$D_x = 1.207 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2210 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}25.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.25 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: $83.66 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.870$, $T_{\max} = 0.932$

10172 measured reflections

1685 independent reflections

1449 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -20 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$

$wR(F^2) = 0.112$

$S = 1.14$

1685 reflections

100 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.051P)^2 + 0.6001P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.87938 (18)	0.27887 (13)	0.03084 (9)	0.0437 (4)
H1A	0.9431	0.3073	0.0637	0.052*
H1B	0.8343	0.3242	0.0065	0.052*
H1C	0.9375	0.2357	-0.0090	0.052*
N2	0.55776 (18)	0.33551 (13)	0.07851 (9)	0.0436 (4)

H2A	0.6130	0.3926	0.0516	0.052*
H2B	0.4757	0.3638	0.1112	0.052*
C1	0.7706 (2)	0.20856 (14)	0.07357 (10)	0.0354 (4)
H1D	0.7077	0.1708	0.0355	0.043*
C2	0.8674 (2)	0.13050 (15)	0.11858 (12)	0.0433 (5)
H2C	0.9300	0.0902	0.0827	0.052*
H2D	0.9374	0.1671	0.1532	0.052*
C3	0.7648 (3)	0.05792 (16)	0.16548 (12)	0.0493 (5)
H3A	0.7022	0.0162	0.1305	0.059*
H3B	0.8297	0.0114	0.1957	0.059*
C4	0.6591 (3)	0.11804 (17)	0.21932 (12)	0.0513 (5)
H4A	0.7213	0.1539	0.2579	0.062*
H4B	0.5904	0.0703	0.2462	0.062*
C5	0.5629 (2)	0.19625 (16)	0.17426 (11)	0.0463 (5)
H5A	0.5010	0.2366	0.2104	0.056*
H5B	0.4919	0.1593	0.1403	0.056*
C6	0.6618 (2)	0.26985 (14)	0.12574 (10)	0.0371 (4)
H6A	0.7235	0.3141	0.1603	0.045*
S1	0.15812 (8)	0.37823 (5)	0.14873 (3)	0.0610 (2)
N3	0.2362 (3)	0.53658 (16)	0.04577 (11)	0.0678 (6)
C7	0.2023 (2)	0.47221 (16)	0.08883 (11)	0.0443 (5)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0428 (9)	0.0436 (9)	0.0446 (9)	0.0029 (7)	0.0051 (7)	0.0088 (7)
N2	0.0366 (8)	0.0421 (9)	0.0520 (10)	0.0063 (7)	0.0000 (7)	0.0027 (7)
C1	0.0349 (9)	0.0353 (10)	0.0361 (9)	-0.0039 (8)	0.0002 (7)	0.0009 (8)
C2	0.0421 (11)	0.0409 (11)	0.0469 (11)	0.0055 (9)	0.0019 (9)	0.0032 (9)
C3	0.0586 (13)	0.0400 (11)	0.0493 (11)	0.0026 (10)	0.0020 (10)	0.0085 (9)
C4	0.0582 (13)	0.0522 (13)	0.0435 (11)	-0.0042 (10)	0.0079 (10)	0.0075 (9)
C5	0.0408 (10)	0.0531 (12)	0.0451 (10)	-0.0008 (9)	0.0078 (8)	-0.0006 (9)
C6	0.0366 (10)	0.0366 (10)	0.0383 (9)	-0.0002 (8)	-0.0025 (8)	-0.0029 (8)
S1	0.0708 (4)	0.0589 (4)	0.0535 (4)	-0.0088 (3)	0.0002 (3)	0.0116 (3)
N3	0.0815 (15)	0.0521 (12)	0.0697 (12)	0.0012 (11)	0.0043 (11)	0.0167 (11)
C7	0.0420 (11)	0.0442 (12)	0.0467 (11)	0.0070 (9)	-0.0023 (9)	-0.0063 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

N1—C1	1.495 (2)	C3—C4	1.512 (3)
N1—H1A	0.8682	C3—H3A	0.9700
N1—H1B	0.8173	C3—H3B	0.9700
N1—H1C	1.0147	C4—C5	1.517 (3)
N2—C6	1.475 (2)	C4—H4A	0.9700
N2—H2A	0.9911	C4—H4B	0.9700
N2—H2B	0.9740	C5—C6	1.523 (3)
C1—C2	1.518 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9700
C1—C6	1.519 (2)	C5—H5B	0.9700
C1—H1D	0.9800	C6—H6A	0.9800
C2—C3	1.518 (3)	S1—C7	1.636 (2)

C2—H2C	0.9700	N3—C7	1.150 (3)
C2—H2D	0.9700		
C1—N1—H1A	109.2	C2—C3—H3A	109.4
C1—N1—H1B	112.9	C4—C3—H3B	109.4
H1A—N1—H1B	109.4	C2—C3—H3B	109.4
C1—N1—H1C	108.0	H3A—C3—H3B	108.0
H1A—N1—H1C	111.2	C3—C4—C5	110.68 (17)
H1B—N1—H1C	106.1	C3—C4—H4A	109.5
C6—N2—H2A	113.2	C5—C4—H4A	109.5
C6—N2—H2B	109.5	C3—C4—H4B	109.5
H2A—N2—H2B	109.9	C5—C4—H4B	109.5
N1—C1—C2	108.11 (15)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.1
N1—C1—C6	111.17 (15)	C4—C5—C6	113.01 (16)
C2—C1—C6	112.27 (15)	C4—C5—H5A	109.0
N1—C1—H1D	108.4	C6—C5—H5A	109.0
C2—C1—H1D	108.4	C4—C5—H5B	109.0
C6—C1—H1D	108.4	C6—C5—H5B	109.0
C3—C2—C1	111.24 (17)	H5A—C5—H5B	107.8
C3—C2—H2C	109.4	N2—C6—C1	110.14 (15)
C1—C2—H2C	109.4	N2—C6—C5	108.79 (15)
C3—C2—H2D	109.4	C1—C6—C5	110.16 (15)
C1—C2—H2D	109.4	N2—C6—H6A	109.2
H2C—C2—H2D	108.0	C1—C6—H6A	109.2
C4—C3—C2	111.09 (17)	C5—C6—H6A	109.2
C4—C3—H3A	109.4	N3—C7—S1	178.2 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	178.41 (15)	C2—C1—C6—N2	-173.39 (15)
C6—C1—C2—C3	55.4 (2)	N1—C1—C6—C5	-174.63 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-56.1 (2)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-53.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	55.6 (2)	C4—C5—C6—N2	174.46 (16)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-55.2 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	53.6 (2)
N1—C1—C6—N2	65.36 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1A \cdots S1 ⁱ	0.87	2.53	3.3914 (19)	172
N1—H1B \cdots N3 ⁱⁱ	0.82	2.10	2.895 (3)	166
N1—H1C \cdots N2 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.01	1.83	2.841 (2)	175
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